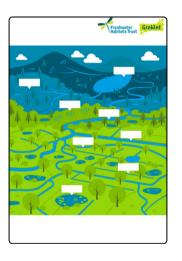


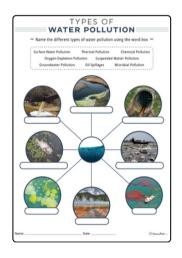
Session 2

Worksheets and Handouts

- Potting On Your Plant
- Types of Freshwater Habitats
- Types of Water Pollution
- How you can help to conserve wetlands?











Potting on your plant

After a little while, you should begin to see the roots clearly growing out of the bottom of the pot. This means that your plant is ready to be repotted!

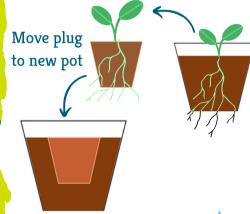
- 1. Find a pot that is larger, but not too much larger, than the pot your plant is currently in.
- 2. Prepare the larger pot by filling it with compost and making a hole within the compost that will fit the plant plug (plant, roots, and a bit of the current soil).
- 3. Remove the plant plug from its current pot by squeezing the pot to loosen the compost. Turn your plant upside down and gently wiggle it out so most of the roots and some soil remain intact.
- 4. Place the plant plug in the prepared larger pot and fill in any gaps with more compost

Now your plant has been re-potted, continue to top up your plant tray with water to water your plants.





Larger new pot with hole to put plug in



Water once a day or leave in a tray with constant water



Health & Safety

- Always wear gloves when handling and re-potting your plant.
- Keep hands away from faces and mouths.
- Always wash your hands after handling your plant.





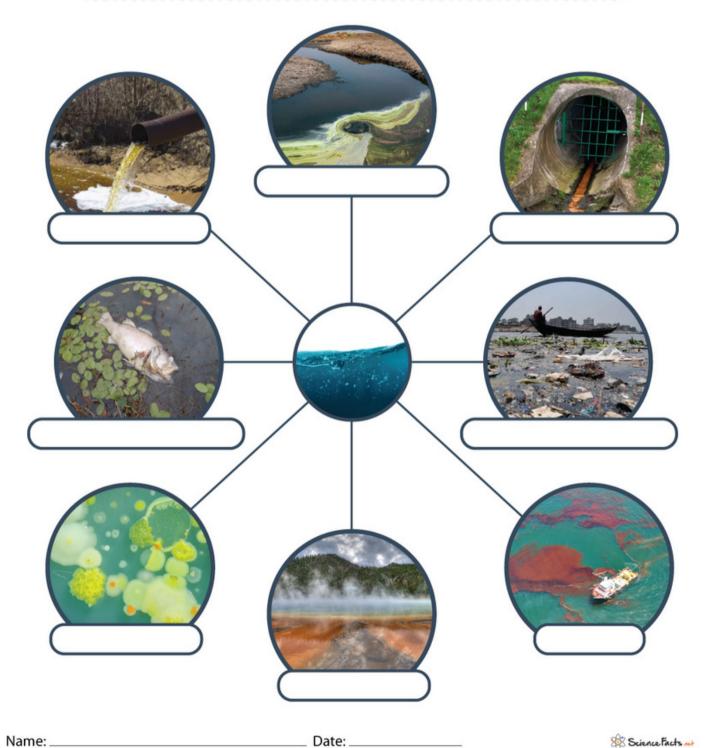




TYPES OF WATER POLLUTION=

~ Name the different types of water pollution using the word box ∽

Surface Water Pollution Thermal Pollution Chemical Pollution
Oxygen-Depletion Pollution Suspended Matter Pollution
Groundwater Pollution Oil Spillages Microbial Pollution



How YOU can Help to Conserve Wetlands



Only Flush Loo Roll

Down the Loo



Don't Waste Water at Home



Create a Mini Wildlife Habitat



Avoid Littering and Pick up Litter



Plant Native Plants



Learn About Local
Waterways

GroWet



